Permanent Care & Adoptive Families

ABN 50 562 164 576

Annual Report - 30 June 2018

Permanent Care & Adoptive Families Directors' report 30 June 2018

The Board of Directors present their report, together with the financial statements, on the incorporated association for the year ended 30 June 2018.

On behalf of the committee:

Name

Title

Signature

11 October 2018

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General information

The financial statements cover Permanent Care & Adoptive Families as an individual entity. The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is Permanent Care & Adoptive Families' functional and presentation currency.

Permanent Care & Adoptive Families is a not-for-profit incorporated association, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Level 5, 50 Market Street Melbourne VIC 3000

A description of the nature of the incorporated association's operations and its principal activities are included in the directors' report, which is not part of the financial statements.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 11 October 2018.

Permanent Care & Adoptive Families Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
Revenue	3	572,975	416,915
Expenses Administration expenses Rent expenses Employee benefits and consulting Project expenses Depreciation and amortisation expense Advocacy and support expenses Other expenses	_	(42,169) (60,000) (158,234) (57,982) (2,915) (143,623) (89,846)	(13,315) (45,000) (129,636) (57,479) (1,725) (16,525) (153,532)
Surplus/(deficit) before income tax expense		18,206	(297)
Income tax expense	_		<u>-</u> _
Surplus/(deficit) after income tax expense for the year attributable to the members of Permanent Care & Adoptive Families		18,206	(297)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	_		
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the members of Permanent Care & Adoptive Families	_	18,206	(297)

Permanent Care & Adoptive Families Statement of financial position As at 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
Assets			
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Other Total current assets	4 5 6	388,823 130,617 - 519,440	397,729 120 3,313 401,162
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Total non-current assets Total assets	7	6,212 6,212 525,652	7,050 7,050 408,212
Liabilities			
Current liabilities Trade and other payables Employee benefits Other Total current liabilities	8 9 10	12,931 27,029 140,000 179,960	19,036 16,690 45,000 80,726
Total liabilities	=	179,960	80,726
Net assets	=	345,692	327,486
Equity Reserves Retained surpluses	11	207,000 138,692	207,000 120,486
Total equity	=	345,692	327,486

Permanent Care & Adoptive Families Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 30 June 2018

	Reserves \$	Retained profits \$	Total equity
Balance at 1 July 2016	-	120,783	120,783
Deficit after income tax expense for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	<u> </u>	(297)	(297)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(297)	(297)
Transactions with members in their capacity as members: Transfer from grants in advance	207,000		207,000
Balance at 30 June 2017	207,000	120,486	327,486
	Reserves \$	Retained profits	Total equity \$
Balance at 1 July 2017	207,000	120,486	327,486
Surplus after income tax expense for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	<u> </u>	18,206	18,206
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	18,206	18,206
Balance at 30 June 2018	207,000	138,692	345,692

Permanent Care & Adoptive Families Statement of cash flows For the year ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Grants and funding Interest received Other revenue Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST)	_	517,887 9,385 10,206 (544,307)	632,152 6,170 7,393 (398,897)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	13 _	(6,829)	246,818
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant and equipment Net cash used in investing activities	-	(2,077)	(7,949) (7,949)
Cash flows from financing activities	_		
Net cash from financing activities	_		
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	-	(8,906) 397,729	238,869 158,860
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	4 _	388,823	397,729

Note 1. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

New or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations adopted

The incorporated association has adopted all of the new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') that are mandatory for the current reporting period.

Any new or amended Accounting Standards or Interpretations that are not yet mandatory have not been early adopted.

Basis of preparation

In the opinion of the Committee, the incorporated association is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements.

These are special purpose financial statements that have been prepared for the purposes of complying with the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012. The Committee have determined that the accounting policies adopted are appropriate to meet the needs of the members of Permanent Care & Adoptive Families.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement requirements specified by the Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board ('AASB') and the disclosure requirements of AASB 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements', AASB 107 'Statement of Cash Flows', AASB 108 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', AASB 1048 'Interpretation of Standards' and AASB 1054 'Australian Additional Disclosures', as appropriate for not-for profit oriented entities.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for, where applicable, the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, investment properties, certain classes of property, plant and equipment and derivative financial instruments.

Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the incorporated association's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 2.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the incorporated association and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Rendering of services

Rendering of services revenue is recognised upon delivery of the service to the customer.

Interest

Interest revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method.

Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Income tax

As the incorporated association is a tax exempt institution in terms of subsection 50-10 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, as amended, it is exempt from paying income tax.

Current and non-current classification

Assets and liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position based on current and non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when: it is either expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the incorporated association's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting period; or the asset is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

A liability is classified as current when: it is either expected to be settled in the incorporated association's normal operating cycle; it is held primarily for the purpose of trading; it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or there is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within 30 days.

Collectability of trade receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectable are written off by reducing the carrying amount directly. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is raised when there is objective evidence that the incorporated association will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any provision for impairment.

Property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the net cost of each item of property, plant and equipment (excluding land) over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and equipment

2-10 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when there is no future economic benefit to the incorporated association. Gains and losses between the carrying amount and the disposal proceeds are taken to profit or loss. Any revaluation surplus reserve relating to the item disposed of is transferred directly to retained profits.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the incorporated association prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and long service leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Other long-term employee benefits

The liability for annual leave and long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national government bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Note 1. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Goods and Services Tax ('GST') and other similar taxes

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the tax authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of the acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority is included in other receivables or other payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the tax authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the tax authority.

New Accounting Standards and Interpretations not yet mandatory or early adopted

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet mandatory, have not been early adopted by the incorporated association for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2018. The incorporated association has not yet assessed the impact of these new or amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations.

Note 2. Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events, management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. The resulting accounting judgements and estimates will seldom equal the related actual results. The judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities (refer to the respective notes) within the next financial year are discussed below.

Estimation of useful lives of assets

The incorporated association determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

Note 3. Revenue

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Sales revenue		
Trading and operating revenues	10,007	7,181
Other revenue		
Interest	9,385	6,170
Grants and funding	553,384	403,352
Gifts and donations	199	212
	562,968	409,734
Revenue	572,975	416,915

Note 4. Current assets - cash and cash equivalents

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Cash on hand Cash at bank Cash on deposit	300 168,523 220,000	300 127,429 270,000
	388,823	397,729
Note 5. Current assets - trade and other receivables		
	2018 \$	2017 \$
Trade receivables Other receivables	125,600 5,017	120 <u>-</u>
	130,617	120
Note 6. Current assets - other		
	2018 \$	2017 \$
Prepayments		3,313
Note 7. Non-current assets - property, plant and equipment		
	2018 \$	2017 \$
Plant and equipment - at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	24,614 (18,402)	22,537 (15,487)
	6,212	7,050
Note 8. Current liabilities - trade and other payables		
	2018 \$	2017 \$
Other payables	12,931	19,036
Note 9. Current liabilities - employee benefits		
	2018 \$	2017 \$
Employee benefits	27,029	16,690

Note 10. Current liabilities - other

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Grants received in advance	140,000	45,000
Note 11. Equity - reserves		
	2018 \$	2017 \$
General reserves	207,000	207,000

Note 12. Events after the reporting period

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2018 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the incorporated association's operations, the results of those operations, or the incorporated association's state of affairs in future financial years.

Note 13. Reconciliation of surplus/(deficit) after income tax to net cash from/(used in) operating activities

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Surplus/(deficit) after income tax expense for the year	18,206	(297)
Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortisation Movement in reserves	2,915 -	1,725 207,000
Change in operating assets and liabilities: Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables Decrease/(increase) in prepayments Decrease in trade and other payables Increase in employee benefits Increase in other operating liabilities	(130,497) 3,313 (6,105) 10,339 95,000	121,799 (2,459) (80,950) -
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	(6,829)	246,818

Permanent Care & Adoptive Families Directors' declaration 30 June 2018

In the directors' opinion:

- the incorporated association is not a reporting entity because there are no users dependent on general purpose financial statements. Accordingly, as described in note 1 to the financial statements, the attached special purpose financial statements have been prepared for the purposes of complying with the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012;
- the attached financial statements and notes comply with the Accounting Standards as described in note 1 to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes give a true and fair view of the incorporated association's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the incorporated association will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

On behalf of the committee:

Name

Title

Signature

11 October 2018



Level 9 401 Collins St Melbourne VIC 3000 Tel: +613 9592 2357

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

We have audited the financial report of Permanent Care Adoptive Families, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the responsible entity' declaration.

In our opinion the financial report of Permanent Care Adoptive Families has been prepared in accordance with the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the registered entity's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- $(b) \qquad \text{complying with Australian Accounting Standards to the extent described in Note 1.} \\$

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the registered entity in accordance with the *Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the registered entity's financial reporting responsibilities under the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012. As a result, the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibility of the Responsible Entity for the Financial Report

The responsible entity of the registered entity is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and have determined that the basis of preparation described in Note 1 to the financial report is appropriate to meet the requirements of the Associations Incorporation Reform Act 2012 and the needs of the members. The responsible entity's responsibility also includes such internal control as the responsible entity determine is necessary to enable the preparation of a financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the responsible entity is responsible for assessing the registered entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the responsible entity either intend to liquidate the registered entity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: http://www.auasb.gov.au/Home.aspx. This description forms part of our auditor's report.



Registered Company Auditor

ASIC Registration: 10310 Melbourne, Victoria Date: 11 October 2018

